

MechaTronix *in* LED

– THERMAL DATA –

ModuLED Pico Modular Passive Star LED Cooler ø47mm



Product Details

Model n°	ModuLED Pico 4750	ModuLED Pico 4780
Dimension (mm) ^{*1}	ø47 x h50	ø47 x h80
Volume (mm ³)	48779	78046
Cooling Surface (mm ²)	35707	55960
Weight (gr)	131	210
Thermal Resistance (°C/W) ^{*2}	5.3	4.2
Power Pd (W) ^{*3}	9.6	11.9
Heat Sink Material	AL6063-T5	AL6063-T5

^{*1} 3D files are available in ParaSolid, STP and IGS on request

^{*2} The thermal resistance Rth is determined with a calibrated heat source of 30mm x 30mm central placed on the heat sink, Tamb 40° and an open environment. Reference data @ heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb 50°C
The thermal resistance of a LED cooler is not a fix value and will vary with the applied dissipated power Pd

^{*3} Dissipated power Pd. Reference data @ heat sink to ambient temperature rise Ths-amb 50°C
The maximal dissipated power needs to be verified in function of required case temperature Tc or junction temperature Tj and related to the estimated ambient temperature where the light fixture will be placed
Please be aware the dissipated power Pd is not the same as the electrical power Pe of a LED module

To calculate the dissipated power please use the following formula: $Pd = Pe \times (1 - \eta_L)$

Pd - Dissipated power

Pe - Electrical power

η_L = Light efficiency of the LED module

Notes:

- MechaTronix reserves the right to change products or specifications without prior notice.
- Mentioned models are an extraction of full product range.
- For specific mechanical adaptations please contact MechaTronix.

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Thermal Data

The thermal performance of a LED cooler, expressed as Thermal Resistance R_{th} in K/W (or °C/W) tells you how many degrees Kelvin (or Celsius) the base of the LED cooler will incline per Watt of dissipated power P_d . This dissipated power P_d is the heat loss a LED package or LED COB/LOB will create besides the efficient light generation. Typically for white LED packages the efficiency varies with the color CCT and the CRI – values here below can be taken as a rule of thumb for white LED packages (phosphor corrected blue light)

- CCT 4000 - 7000 and CRI 70 - 80 → 35% efficiency → 65% heat loss
- CCT 2700 - 3000 and CRI 85 - 97 → 30% efficiency → 70% heat loss

For other LED packages like horticulture specific wave lengths or UV, we recommend you to look up the thermal efficiency in the datasheet or contact the supplier.

Keep in mind that for horticulture LED packages, example 660nm Deep Red, the thermal losses are drastically lower and can be as low as 40%, meaning you could almost use double the electrical power P_e on the same LED cooler for the same temperature rise ΔT .

Next the Thermal Resistance R_{th} is not a fix value – the nominal value we declare corresponds with a 50°C temperature rise – The table below explains the thermal resistance R_{th} for various dissipated power values.

In this way you can completely predict the temperature you are going to get in your LED luminaire.

Difficulties figuring it out – just let us know and our engineers will do the math for you.

$P_d = P_e \times (1-\eta_L)$	Heat sink to ambient thermal resistance R_{hs-amb} (°C/W)		Heat sink to ambient temperature rise T_{hs-amb} (°C)	
	ModuLED Pico 4750	ModuLED Pico 4780	ModuLED Pico 4750	ModuLED Pico 4780
2	6.9	5.3	14	11
4	6.1	4.9	24	19
5	5.9	4.7	30	24
6	5.7	4.6	34	28
8	5.5	4.4	44	35
10	5.3	4.3	53	43
15	-	4.0	-	61

